ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED

30 June 2023

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2023

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TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

TRUSTEES AND PRINCIPAL ADVISERS

Trustees, Members of College Council

Professor Dame Sally Davies, Master Professor Louise Merrett, Vice-Master Professor Catherine Barnard, Senior Tutor (from 1 October 2022) Professor Sachiko Kusukawa, Senior Tutor (until 30 September 2022) Mr Richard Turnill, Senior Bursar Ms Emma Davies, Junior Bursar (from 20 January 2023) Professor Alan Windle (until 3 February 2023) Dr Arthur Norman (until 3 February 2023) Professor Malte Grosche (until 3 February 2023) Professor Samita Sen Dr Benjamin Spagnolo Professor Caterina Ducati Professor John Hinch Professor Nicholas Thomas **Professor Cameron Petrie** Professor Andrew Crawford (from 4 February 2023) Dr Anne Toner (from 4 February 2023) Professor David Tong (from 4 February 2023)

Secretary of the College Council

Dr Christopher Morley (until 30 September 2022) Dr Paul Wingfield (from 23 September 2022)

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc Barclays Commercial Bank PO Box 885 Mortlock House Histon, Cambridge CB24 9DE

Property Advisers

Bidwells LLP Bidwell House Trumpington Road Cambridge CB2 9LD

Savills (UK) Ltd Olympic House Doddington Road Lincoln LN6 3SE

Independent Auditors Crowe U.K. LLP 55 Ludgate Hill London, EC4M 7JW

Registered Address Trinity College Trinity Street Cambridge CB2 1TQ

Historic name according to the Royal Charter dated 19 December 1546: COLLEGE OF THE HOLY AND UNDIVIDED TRINITY WITHIN THE TOWN AND UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE OF KING HENRY THE EIGHTH'S FOUNDATION

Registered Charity Number: 1137604

Custodians J. P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. Chaseside Bournmouth Dorset BH7 7DA

Solicitors

Mills & Reeve Botanic House 100 Hills Road Cambridge CB2 1PH

The members of the College Council, who are charity trustees ('trustees'), present their statutory report and audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.

Structure, Governance and Management

Trinity College, Cambridge, was founded in 1546 by King Henry VIII. In October 2022, the College had 190 Fellows (academic staff involved in teaching, research and administration) and 970 junior members in residence (735 undergraduates, 235 postgraduates).

The current Statutes of the College were made under the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act 1923 by an Order in Council dated 30 April 1926. Subsequent alterations have been made on various dates by the procedure set out in the Statutes and in accordance with Section 7 of the 1923 Act.

Governance

In accordance with the Statutes, the College is administered by the College Council which normally meets once a week during Full Term and on occasion in the vacations. Members of the Council are charity trustees under the Charities Act 2011. The Master, plus thirteen Fellows, four ex officio, serve as members of the College Council. The charity trustees receive no payment for their role as trustees. The Council has Standing Orders governing its meetings, and an Ordinance on conflicts of interest. The Council sets down rules, regulations and procedures governing most aspects of College life, principally through enacting or amending where appropriate College Ordinances.

The Council is (with limited exceptions) subject to review by a College Meeting, namely a meeting of the Master and Fellows. There are at least two College Meetings each year, the Accounts Meeting following the audit and the Annual College Meeting at which members of the Council are elected (three each year, to serve for three years). Special College Meetings may be summoned by a procedure specified in the Statutes.

The principal officers of the College include the Master (who is appointed following a process where the College recommends a name to the Prime Minister, who makes a recommendation to the sovereign), the Vice-Master (who is elected by the Fellows), the Senior Tutor, and the Senior and Junior Bursars (all three appointed by the Council) – these are all members of the Council ex officio. Other officers of the College include the other Tutors, the Deans of College and Chapel, the Librarian, the Lecturers, the Steward and the Chaplains.

Newly elected members of the Council, who will as Fellows already be familiar with the College's Statutes and Ordinances, receive a briefing on the duties of Trustees from current College Officers and the Secretary of the College Council. Members of Council receive training and information to keep them informed on sector issues and regulatory requirements from the College's solicitors and auditors. All members of Council are required to register any interests under the College's conflicts of interest policy.

The College Council have considered carefully the principles set out in the Charities Governance Code and are satisfied that in all material respects the governance arrangements for the College are in line with those principles.

Committees

There are a number of committees in the College, some standing, some appointed by the Council for a particular purpose. Members of committees are appointed by the Council, and membership of standing committees is reviewed annually. The committees make recommendations to the Council, and decisions are taken by the Council.

Financial and operational risks are the responsibility of the Senior and Junior Bursars respectively and are reviewed by relevant College Committees who report to the College Council. Among these are the Investment Committee, the Expenditure Committee, the House Committee and the Audit Committee which between them review all aspects of operational and financial performance, financial governance and risk.

The Buildings Committee oversees the day-to-day maintenance work and manages the programme of major renewals and renovations across the College.

Structure, Governance and Management (continued)

The College's Stipends Committee and Staff Committee recommend the pay and remuneration of Fellows and Staff respectively for the approval of the College Council. The operation of the Stipends Committee is governed by a College Ordinance, which provides that stipends of major officers are reviewed by a special sub-committee with no members who are themselves major officers.

The Education Committee makes recommendations to the Council regarding teaching staff, subjects and the organisation of studies.

There is a Liaison Committee, including several representatives elected by the junior members of the College and some Fellows appointed by the Council, whose remit is to discuss and make recommendations about matters of concern to junior members. The Liaison Committee's minutes are received by the Council.

The Staff Consultation Committee, chaired by the Master, is where elected representatives of the College's nonacademic staff meet with the Junior Bursar and Head of Human Resources to discuss matters of interest to staff collectively. It reports as appropriate to the Council and other College bodies.

Objectives and Activities

The object of Trinity College is advancement for the public benefit of education, religion, learning and research, primarily by the maintenance and development of a College in the University and City of Cambridge.

The College provides, in conjunction with the University of Cambridge of which it is part, education for undergraduate and graduate students which is recognised internationally as being of the highest standard. Bursaries and studentships are provided, when needed, to both undergraduate and graduate members of the College of limited means, including some support for undergraduates through a bursary scheme operated in common with the University and the other Colleges.

The College admits as members those students and academics who have the highest potential to benefit from the educational and research facilities that the College provides as a constituent college in Cambridge University and who therefore must satisfy high academic requirements for entry. The College has no geographical or religious barriers to entry - members come from a very wide range of backgrounds – and there are no age restrictions, save that the College does not normally admit students under the age of 18 at entry.

Dependent on the success of the University for the College's object to be achieved, the College makes grants to other colleges, Trusts and institutions in the University with objects similar to its own. In particular, the College makes grants to the Cambridge Trust and the Isaac Newton Trust. The Isaac Newton Trust was established by the College in 1988 and it supports departments, bodies and individuals in the wider University. The Trust is an independent charity which may share some common trustees with the College. The College also under its Statute XLVI from time to time makes donations to charities in and around the City of Cambridge, and to appropriate bodies in areas where it owns property.

The great majority of the academic staff are Fellows of the College, elected in the various ways prescribed by the College's Statutes. As well as Teaching Staff, the Fellowship also includes Research Fellows (Junior and Senior), certain senior administrative officers, some Professors in the University, and persons who have retired after long service in one or more of these roles.

The Council has given due regard to the guidance on public benefit published by the Charity Commission, and to its two key principles, that there must be identifiable benefit and that the benefit must be to the public or a section of the public. The Council is satisfied that the object and activities of the College fully meet the public benefit requirements during the year under review, as demonstrated by its increased focus on outreach and widening the opportunities to access to Cambridge University education and by its provision of education and research as outlined in more detail below.

Achievements and performance

Education

The College admitted 194 undergraduate students in October 2022 for regular study from all backgrounds across the wide range of subjects studied in the University. A further 4 students were admitted for one year on various exchange or visitor programmes. As usual, many students (32) returned after graduation for further study, and the College admitted a further 71 graduates from other Universities to read for Master's degrees and/or doctorates in various subjects. 19 students continued to a PhD after completing a Master's degree. During the year, junior members achieved 76 Master's degrees and 62 PhDs. Our student body is international, with 76 nationalities represented.

Students sitting examinations in 2023 were significantly affected by the University and College Union's Marking and Assessment Boycott (MAB) which resulted in around 50% still waiting for final marks going into the new academic year, including a number of students who had completed their studies. While the College once again recorded some outstanding individual performances among those whose final results were published, a full report on the 2023 examination period will not be available until later in the year at the earliest, depending on when the results are finally published. General Admission went ahead with an amended format to the ceremony at the Senate House that enabled all graduands to celebrate the end of their studies with friends and family.

The College launched a scheme whereby anyone applying to the College as an undergraduate, in 2022, 2023 or 2024, who is eligible for the Cambridge Bursary Scheme will also receive the Trinity Maintenance Grant (TMG). The applicant needs to be successful in joining either Trinity or another Cambridge College through the 'Winter Pool' or the 'August Reconsideration Pool'. To be eligible for the Cambridge Bursary Scheme, a student needs to have Home Fee status and residual household income, assessed by their regional funding body, at or below £62,215. In 2023-24, the value of the TMG will be £4,455 for each year of undergraduate studies at Trinity (normally for up to four years), provided continuing eligibility for the underlying Cambridge Bursary Scheme.

The College's ambition is for all Trinity students to be able to complete and enjoy their degrees without financial concerns, giving security to be able to benefit from the rich cultural, social and sporting life Cambridge has to offer. The College recognises that many students are from backgrounds which are under pressure financially, particularly in the wake of the pandemic and increases in the cost of living, and we hope the Trinity Maintenance Grant can alleviate some of that pressure.

Religion

The Statutes of the College state that the Council shall make provision for the celebration of Divine Service in the College Chapel, a tradition which has continued to flourish during the year under review. The regular services during Full Term of three Choral Evensongs, together with services of Compline and Eucharist, continued to be well attended by members of the College community and visitors.

The College supports its choral tradition through the College Choir, which is central to the provision of Divine Service in the Chapel and reaches out to a worldwide community through the webcast of all choral services from the Chapel. In addition to the regular services, weddings, baptisms and memorial services are often conducted for members of the College community.

The Dean and Chaplains are a central part of the College's welfare provision and see all members of College on matters of personal concern, whatever their faith. The Chapel is also a place of spiritual and ethical reflection, and through its teaching and through a host of activities engages students, Fellows and staff in consideration of the implications of religious belief for individuals and society.

The College continues to support the 31 parishes around the country for which it is Patron.

Learning

The year began with a very busy summer in the Wren Library as reader numbers reached capacity across the long vacation with researchers keen to get back to primary source research after the difficulties caused by the pandemic. Reader numbers have remained consistently high across the year, and newly catalogued material is being called up instantly, demonstrating the importance of publishing and promoting accurate records of our holdings. We have had many special interest groups visiting the Library, particularly in connection with the "Wren 300" celebrations marking the tercentenary of his Christopher Wren's death, and teaching and learning with the collections continues apace.

Learning (continued)

We have also been working closely with colleagues elsewhere in College to welcome groups to the Library, including hosting writing workshops for prospective students through Outreach and School Liaison, and art workshops with our Art tutor for current Trinity students.

Finding new ways for new audiences to enjoy our space and collections is an important part of our work. Items from the collection have also been exhibited around the world, most notably the *Inquisitio Eliensis* which travelled to Roskilde in Denmark and received a royal welcome when Queen Margrethe II requested a private viewing of the manuscript. Photographs from the Munby collection have been exhibited in Germany, and a copy of the College's own publication *The Trinity Magazine* travelled to Switzerland for an important exhibition on Vladimir Nabokov.

The College Library has been very busy this year, too. 3091 new books were added to the collections over the course of the year in direct support of undergraduate teaching and learning. It has also been a very bountiful year in terms of donations with several large collections offered to the Library, and lots of new publications from members of the College have also been given. Much of the year has been spent engaging with ideas around the College's Masterplan with the Library identified as one of the areas needing serious investment. A student survey carried out at the end of Easter term has given us lots of feedback to incorporate into any ideas we might have for a new or improved Library space; there is a clear demand for a better space in which students can study.

In the College Archive, the large backlog of modern manuscripts which remained unaccessioned at beginning of this year has been dealt with; nearly all of this material has now been accessioned and some of it catalogued. Work has begun on improving the storage of outsized material. A survey of the Library's historical audiovisual material has been made with a view to having it digitised and seeking advice for its best preservation. An important group of Sir Andrew Huxley's papers (119 boxes) previously in the custody of the Centre for Scientific Archives, has finally made its way to the College and has been added to 245 boxes of Huxley papers already in the basement. A proportion of the boxes of tutorial files remaining in the Tutorial Department have been transferred to the Muniment Room, but a want of space now prevents the addition of any significant quantity of items to that room. The compilation of a catalogue of the college archives has now begun in earnest.

Research

In January 2023, in an open competition, the College elected eight Junior Research Fellows to commence four years of research in October 2023.

The College's Teaching Staff are research-active and many distinctions are earned each year as reported in the College's Annual Record. At the end of the academic year 2022-23, the Fellowship included 31 Fellows of the Royal Society and 23 Fellows of the British Academy.

Future Plans

Trinity Estates Master Plan

The Trinity Estates Master Plan is a programme which aims to develop a vision and delivery plan for how Trinity can best meet the future expectations and needs of its students, Fellows, staff and other stakeholders. The College is in now at the stage of the plan where it will be developing a set of proposals for consideration by the College for implementation.

Education provision

The College is considering carefully how to respond to education sector issues particularly around funding and provision of world leading university education.

Total Return

The College is carefully considering a move to a Total Return method for calculating income available for general funds. To be able to implement this move, the College is in a process to update its Statutes.

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Financial Review

The College's net assets increased by £206m to £2.192bn (2022: £1.985bn), primarily as a result of an increase in the valuation of the investments (£176.4m), realised profits on investment property sales (£5.3m) and actuarial gains in the value of the defined benefit pension scheme (£4.2m). The pension scheme, now in surplus, is funded by the College based on advice from the scheme actuary and is not considered to be a financial risk to the College's activities or assets.

The College's Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) is presented in the format required by the Charity SORP, which divides the College's income between various funds. The Endowment Funds represents permanent capital split between the College's Corporate Capital, which has the features of, and has been treated as, a Permanent Unrestricted Endowment fund, and Other Endowments where the College has received specific donations and legacies that are to be held in perpetuity. The income from the Other Endowments are further split between Restricted where the original receipt also restricts the College in the use of income arising from the capital and Unrestricted where the College can spend the income on any activity of the College.

Restricted Funds, and the income arising, can only be used for the purposes for which they were originally given. The College's Designated Funds represent resources set aside for specific purposes. Therefore, in any given year the key indicator of the College's financial health is the Net Income/Expenditure after transfers in the College's unrestricted General and Designated Funds which were £5.8m in surplus in 2023 (2022: £2m deficit). This reflects further recovery in income post pandemic with more modest increases in expenditure.

Income from charitable activities (education) continued to grow in the year, following previous years, post pandemic recovery. The main contributor to the increase was from residence and catering, increasing to £7.5m (2022: £6.8m) due to an increase in residential student numbers and inflationary increases in charges.

The recovery from the impact of the pandemic on investment rents and dividends continued to be significant. Income from equity dividends increased by £4.4m and property income was up by £7.5m. The endowment generated realised gains of \pounds 5.3m (2022: \pounds 36.5m).

In addition to funding its own activities and making its University Contribution of £3.3m to the University's Colleges Fund, the College made substantial donations totalling £5.5m (2022: £5.8m), mainly to support wider collegiate Cambridge, and has increased spending on scholarships and awards to £8.0m (2022: £7.1m).

The overall costs of charitable activities (i.e. expenditure) were increased from £52.1m to £53.2m. Included in those costs, expenditure on Research remains consistent with previous years at over £5m.

The maintenance of the College's fabric and infrastructure is a constant draw on the College's resource, but often with significant variations from year to year. Maintenance, repairs and improvements decreased to $\pounds 8.6m$ (2022: $\pounds 10.4m$). The main expenditure in the year being the completion of the refurbishment of North West Great Court. In years of low expenditure, the College makes transfers to the Renewals and Renovations Fund which is part of Designated Funds. This Fund is used in years of higher than average renovation expenditure.

Reserves Policy

Total funds within the group were £2.19bn at 30 June 2023. This comprises Corporate Endowment of £1.85bn, Other Endowments of £166m, Restricted Funds of £55m, Designated Funds of £44m and General Funds of £71m.

In order to provide a cushion against downturns, the College seeks to maintain reserves in the Consolidated Unrestricted General Funds within a range of six to eighteen months worth of the annual cost of its general funds charitable activities (2023: \pounds 23.3m to \pounds 70.0m), with a target of an average holding of twelve months worth (2023: \pounds 46.7m).

As a result of the surplus in net incoming resources in the Consolidated Unrestricted General Funds, reserves (total funds carried forward) increased to £71.1m, (2022: £63.6m). The reserves are therefore currently above the policy range. The College is aware that the implementation of the Trinity Estate master plan and Renewals and Renovations projects will have a significant impact on reserves over the next few years, bringing the general funds back into the policy range.

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Reserves Policy (continued)

For reserves held as cash, the College maintains a model which calculates a reserve level based on a sensitivity analysis of operational income and expenditure, the College risk register and cash flow projections for major buildings work and investment property developments. The cash reserve held to be sufficient for any downturns and to ensure sufficient liquidity to fund ongoing operational activity and major capital expenditure without the need to sell investments in the short term. Any excess is generally invested in the College's global index equity portfolio.

The College's reserves and cash position are deemed to be sufficient against the targets outlined in this policy.

Investment Policy

The investment mission is to support the College in achieving its aim: the advancement of education, religion, learning and research.

The investments of the College have two objectives: to achieve a long-term total return of CPI +5%, and to have a significant, lasting and positive impact on the environment, including achieving net zero by 2050.

To that end, the investments have two intermediate science-based targets: a 21% reduction in emissions from the 2019 baseline by 2024 and a 46.2% reduction by 2030.

Going Concern

The Council has considered carefully the financial position of the College and its ability to remain a going concern for the foreseeable future. It considered the volatility in the UK and the cost of living together with the risks to the world economy arising from various international conflicts and other external factors which could impact on the financial position of the College in the short to medium term. This included cash flow forecasting with a five year forward view. The Council is cognisant of the fact that the operational income of the College is not sufficient to fund the operational activities of the College and it is therefore dependent on the endowment to fund its operations.

The cash position and the College's liquidity for the foreseeable future as described in the Reserves Policy section of this report are designed to ensure the College has sufficient cash to manage its operations and major expenditure requirements without the need to sell investment assets. The global equity portfolio is distributed across a large number of publicly available exchanges and could be liquidated into cash at short notice if required.

At the time of approval of this Report, although the risks around the economy remain, the College's financial position is strong. The Council is satisfied that the College will remain a going concern for the foreseeable future.

Statement on fundraising

Trinity College fundraising is carried out by College employees in the Alumni Relations and Development Office (ARDO) and involves engaging with 14,000 contactable alumni and other selected persons or entities with an interest in the work of the College. The activity is overseen by the College's Alumni Relations and Development Committee. Fundraising methods include face-to-face meetings, direct mail, social media and email and telephone calls undertaken by students employed by the College. ARDO communications refer to our data protection statement and all bulk email communications include an option to unsubscribe.

In 2022-23, 2181 alumni, foundations and friends gave or committed to give £12.4m via ARDO. Highlights include funding and commitments of £7.5m in new trust funds for four new PhD studentships.

The College is registered with the Fundraising Regulator and its logo appears on all alumni and development publications. The College abides by the Fundraising Code of Practice in its activities and there are no known instances of non-compliance with the Code. There were no complaints received in the year about fundraising.

ARDO staff are required to indicate if they are concerned that someone they have contacted might be considered to be vulnerable. If there are any concerns that someone lacks capacity to make a decision to donate, then fundraising approaches are stopped. ARDO staff receive training in the workplace and externally to ensure they keep up with best practice.

Risk Management

The College has a process for identifying, evaluating and managing the key risks in undertaking its activities and achieving of its objectives. The College maintains a Risk Register which seeks to identify all of the strategic risks faced by the College as well as the operational risks identified by individual departments. The College's Audit Committee reviews the Risk Register once per year and the strategic risks are considered annually by the College Council. The principal risks faced by the College are:

Principal risk	How risk is managed
Failure in duty of care to students, staff or Fellows	 Training and communication to all members of the college Health and Safety support through dedicated department Safeguarding policies and processes Organisational structure and governance through committees Whistle blowing policy
Significant reductions on valuation of investments (eg stock market crash)	 Investment policy Diverse portfolio Investment Committee
Infectious disease pandemic	 Disaster recovery plans Emergency procedures for council and heads of departments Technology solutions to manage operations remotely
Fire or other catastrophic damage to historic buildings	 Regular inspections and condition reviews Dedicated works department Preventative maintenance programme Funds set aside in designated fund Insurance
Permanent loss of a major income stream	 Investment portfolio is diversified between property and equity Maintaining General reserves levels Long term cash flow forecasting with buffers for economic risk

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College and the group and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the College and the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the Statutes. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the College and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the charity and financial information included on the College's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by the College Council on 20 November 2023

Professor Dame Sally Davies, Master

Mr Richard Turnill, Senior Bursar

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE GOVERNING BODY OF TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE

We have audited the financial statements of the Trinity College, Cambridge ('the charity') and its subsidiaries ('the group') for the year ended 30 June 2023 which comprise the Consolidated Statements of Financial Activities, the Consolidated and College balance sheets, the Consolidated cash flow statement and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2023 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

In our opinion the contribution due from the College to the University has been correctly computed as advised in the provisional assessment by the University of Cambridge and in accordance with the provisions of Statute G,II, of the University of Cambridge

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's or the group's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees' report; or
- sufficient and proper accounting records have not been kept by the parent charity; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group and the parent charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 151 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Acts and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Details of the extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations are set out below.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <u>www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</u>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements from irregularities, whether due to fraud or error, and discussed these between our audit team members. We then designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the charity and group operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Charities Act together with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Charities (SORP) 2019, taxation legislation and general data protection legislation. We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the charity's and group's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. We also considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the charity and the group for fraud.

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be within the timing surrounding recognition of income and the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management and the Audit Committee about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals, reviewing accounting estimates for biases and reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Curve U.K. LLP

Crowe U.K. LLP Statutory Auditor London

Date: 14th December 2023

Crowe U.K. LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Note	General Funds (Unrestricted) £000's	Designated Funds £000's	Restricted Funds £000's	Endowment Funds £000's	2023 Total £000's	2022 Total £000's
Income and endowments from							
Donations and legacies		505	403	5,797	5,312	12,017	5,560
Charitable activities	2	13,172	3	-	-	13,175	12,261
Other trading activities	4	177	33	8		218	143
Investments	3	65,035	1,258	4,123	6,736	77,153	64,634
TOTAL INCOME		78,889	1,697	9,928	12,048	102,562	82,598
Famer ditung or							
Expenditure on		1,393	-	_	-	1,393	1,190
Raising funds		4,322		-	-	4,322	4,317
Loan interest	5		-	38	_	20,050	18,363
Estates and Investment Management costs	3	25,727	-	38	-	25,766	23,870
Cost of charitable activities	6	46,655	2,613	3,882	-	53,150	52,142
Other Expenditure							
University contribution under Statute GII	7	2,992	39	227	-	3,258	2,963
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		75,374	2,652	4,148		82,174	78,975
NET INCOME/(EXPENSE)	ł	3,515	(955)	5,780	12,048	20,389	3,623
Net Realised gains on Investment Assets		1,131	-	3,986	183	5,300	36,506
Net Unrealised gains/(losses) on Investment Assets		-	921	2,730	172,783	176,435	37,542
NET INCOME / EXPENDITURE BEFORE TRANSFERS		4,646	(33)	12,496	185,014	202,123	77,671
Transfers between funds	20	(1,347)	2,561	(1,215)	2	-	-
NET INCOME / EXPENDITURE AFTER TRANSFERS		3,299	2,528	11,281	185,014	202,123	77,671
Other recognised gains & losses: Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on defined benefit pension scheme	16	4,225	-	-	: -	4,225	17,627
NET MOVEMENTS IN FUNDS		7,524	2,528	11,281	185,014	206,348	95,298
Total funds brought forward		63,595	41,928	44,128	1,835,767	1,985,418	1,890,120
Total funds carried forward		71,119	44,456	55,410	2,020,781	2,191,766	1,985,418
rotar fullus carrieu forwaru	1.	/1,119		55,410		-,	

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those disclosed above. All of the above results derive from continuing operations.

There is no material difference between the net incoming resources for the financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalents

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	Total	Total
FIXED ASSETS		£000's	£000's
Investments	10.1	2,232,890	2,036,270
Operational Assets	10.2	9,602	10,016
	_	2,242,492	2,046,286
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock	11	2,264	2,157
Debtors: due after more than one year	12	834	871
Debtors due within one year	12	26,612	21,696
Cash at bank and in hand		34,604	30,696
		64,315	55,420
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	13	(25,040)	(22,642)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	2,281,766	2,079,063
		(00.000)	(00.275)
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	14	(90,000)	(90,375)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY	_	2,191,766	1,988,688
PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY	16	-	(3,270)
	_		
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY	-	2,191,766	1,985,418
Represented by:	20	2 020 781	1 925 767
Endowment funds	20	2,020,781	1,835,767
Restricted funds	20	55,410	44,128
Designated funds	20	44,456	41,928
General funds – general reserve	20_	71,119	63,595
		2,191,766	1,985,418

The financial statements on pages 14 to 37 were approved by the College Council on 20 November 2023 and have been signed on their behalf by the Master and Senior Bursar.

Dame Sally C Davies, Master

Mr Richard Turnill, Senior Bursar

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 COLLEGE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

FIXED ASSETS	Note	2023 Total £000's	2022 Total £000's
Investments	10.1	2,076,495	1,898,783
Operational Assets	10.1	9,602	10,016
Optiational Assets		2,086,097	1,908,799
CURRENT ASSETS		1.007	1.0.11
Stock	11	1,896	1,841
Debtors: due after more than one year	12	23,775	23,813
Debtors due within one year	.12	30,158	25,169
Cash at bank and in hand		16,485	19,431
		72,315	70,254
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	13	(29,318)	(22,328)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	2,129,094	1,956,725
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	14	(90,000)	(90,000)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY	-	2,039,094	1,866,725
PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY	16	-	(3,270)
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY	_	2,039,094	1,863,455
Represented by:			
Endowment funds	21	1,857,720	1,703,652
Restricted funds	21	55,410	44,128
Designated funds	21	44,456	41,928
General funds – general reserve	21	81,508	73,747
Contraction Parlamente Contraction		2,039,094	1,863,455

The College recorded a surplus for the financial year of £171,414k (2022 £51,221k) and other comprehensive gains £4,225k (2022 £17,627k gain).

The financial statements on pages 14 to 37 were approved by the College Council on 20 November 2023 and have been signed on their behalf by the Master and Senior Bursar.

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Dame Sally C Davies, Master

Mr Richard Turnill, Senior Bursar

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net incoming resources after transfers (as per the Statement of Financial		
Activities)	202,123	77,672
Adjustments for:		
Investment income	(77,153)	(64,634)
Net gains on investments	(181,734)	(74,048)
Depreciation	413	413
Total pensions losses recognised in SOFA excluding actuarial loss	1,993	3,801
Pension contributions by the College	(1,038)	(1,070)
Loan interest	4,322	4,317
Endowments received	(5,312)	(2,394)
Working capital movements		
- (Increase)/Decrease in stocks	(107)	150
-(Decrease)/Increase in debtors	(4,879)	49,202
- Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	2,023	(13,297)
Net cash used in operating activities	(59,349)	(19,888)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed asset investments	(18,019)	(175,253)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed asset investments	17,901	103,981
Investment income	77,153	64,634
Net cash generated from investing activities	77,035	(6,638)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Endowments received	5,312	2,394
Interest paid	(4,322)	(4,317)
Net cash used in financing activities	990	(1,923)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	18,675	(28,449)
Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the year	68,967	97,416
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	87,642	68,967
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:		
Cash at bank and in hand	34,604	30,696
Money market funds	53,037	38,271
Cash and cash equivalents	87,642	68,967

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General information

Trinity College, Cambridge ('the College') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group') whose object is the advancement for the public benefit of education, religion, learning and research, primarily by the maintenance and development of a College in the University and City of Cambridge.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of Trinity College, Cambridge (a public benefit entity) have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), and with the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities' FRS 102 as revised in 2019 ('the SORP 2019'), together with the reporting requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investments. The functional and presentational currency of the College is £ Sterling.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires the Trustees to exercise their judgements in the process of applying the Group's and the College's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumption and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed below.

Going Concern

The Council have considered carefully the financial position of the College and its ability to remain a going concern for the foreseeable future. They considered the volatility in the UK and world economy arising from the conflict in Ukraine and other external factors which could impact on the financial position of the College in the short to medium term. This included cash flow forecasting with a five year forward view.

The cash position and the College's liquidity for the foreseeable future as described in the Reserves Policy section of this report are designed to ensure the College has sufficient cash to manage its operations and major expenditure requirements without the need to sell investment assets. The global equity portfolio is distributed across a large number of publicly available exchanges and could be liquidated into cash at short notice if required.

At the time of approval of this Report, although the risks around the economy remain, the College's financial position remains strong. The Council are satisfied that the College will remain a going concern for the foreseeable future.

Basis of consolidation

The accounts show the results and state of affairs for Trinity College, Cambridge and its subsidiary undertakings (details of the subsidiary undertakings can be found in note 19). Subsidiaries are all entities over which the College has control, being the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity.

Where a subsidiary has a different accounting policy from the Group, adjustment is made to the subsidiary's financial statements to apply the Group's accounting policies when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Acquisitions made by the Group are accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. Intra-group transactions and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation.

Results of affiliated clubs and societies are not consolidated as the College does not govern the financial and operating policies of these undertakings with a view to gaining economic benefits from their activities. Grants made to clubs and societies are charged in the Statement of Financial Activities as expenditure for charitable purposes.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash flow statement

The College prepares a consolidated cash flow statement and the consolidated accounts, in which the College's results are included, are available to the public. It has therefore taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 102 Section 1 not to prepare its own cash flow statement.

Incoming resources

Income is accrued and included in the statement of financial activities when the College is legally entitled to the income, the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy and is probable. Where income is received in advance, recognition is deferred and the amount included in creditors. Income is stated net of any VAT.

Income from fees, residencies, catering and other operational charges are accounted for in the period in which the related service is provided.

Donations are accounted for when the College is entitled to the income, and the value can be reliable measured.

Legacies are accounted for when probate has been granted and receipt is probable and measurable. Where legacies are of a residuary nature the recognition will be at the earlier of receipt of cash, the estate accounts or other notice of impending distribution.

Rental income from investment properties is accounted for on an accruals basis depending on the terms of lease or licence to occupy.

Income from equity investments is accounted for on a received basis.

Resources expended

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with use of the resources.

Charitable exemption

The College is a registered charity and claims exemption from income tax under Sections 478 to 488 of the Corporation Taxes Act 2010 and from capital gains tax under Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992.

The College's subsidiaries are subject to Corporation tax. All taxable profits in a subsidiary are donated to the College under the terms of a Deed of Covenant in place between the College and the subsidiary.

Fund accounting

Funds held by the College are analysed between Endowment, Restricted, Designated and General funds

Endowment funds can be split into two categories – Permanent Endowments and Expendable Endowments. They can be further split between Restricted where the donor has specified how the College may spend income arising from the fund and Unrestricted where there the income may be spent on any College activity.

Permanent Endowment funds where the initial income may not normally be spent are considered to be capital in nature. The College's Permanent Endowment Funds represent partly the College's Historic Endowment, which has the features of, and has been treated as, a Permanent Unrestricted Endowment fund, and Other Endowments where the College has received specific donations and legacies that are to be held in perpetuity. The Other Endowments are further split between Restricted, where the original receipt also restricts the College in the use of income arising from the capital, and Unrestricted, where the College can spend the income on any actively of the College. In many cases the College has chosen to designate how the income from income arising may be spent for individual funds.

General funds - these are funds that can be used at the discretion of the College Council.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Designated funds – these are funds that have been set aside by the College Council for specific purposes. They are a sub-set of General Funds and the purposes to which they are applied may be varied at the discretion of the College Council.

Restricted funds – these are funds that can only be used for particular purposes, under a deed of trust or implied trust, to support various educational purposes of the College, including research, teaching and the student bursary schemes.

Pensions

The College participated in three pension schemes during the financial year. Pension costs are accounted for on the basis of charging the cost of providing pensions over the period during which the College benefits from the Fellows' or employees' service.

The Trinity College Pension Scheme runs two sections, one for staff and one for Fellows, for defined benefit pension provision for eligible staff. It also has a defined contribution scheme managed by Legal and General for contributions by Staff and Fellows.

Staff employed prior to 31 December 2013 were eligible to join the Trinity College Pension Scheme. This defined benefit scheme closed to new staff members in 2014. For this scheme, pension costs are accounted for as the service and finance cost for the year.

Staff employed since 1 January 2014, and those employed prior to that date who are not members of the Trinity College Pension Scheme, have been placed in a defined contribution scheme. The College is using this scheme to meet its employer obligations under the auto-enrolment legislation, albeit on more flexible and generous terms than the statutory minima. The assets of the scheme are held by the scheme provider in a master trust, and the amount charged to the statement of financial activities is thus the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Operational tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings

Land and buildings are stated at their original historical cost less depreciation. For the College's historic buildings, due to their age, the historical costs are insignificant, and the buildings would be fully depreciated and therefore no amounts have been included within these accounts. Buildings are depreciated over 50 years on a straight line basis.

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

Fixtures, fittings and equipment costing less than £100,000 per individual item are written off in the year of purchase.

Heritage Assets

The College holds and conserves a number of collections, exhibits, artefacts and other assets of historical, literary, religious, artistic or scientific importance. Acquisitions valued at over £100k are recognised at cost and items gifted to the College valued over £100k are recognised at fair value. The College has taken advantage of the exemption within FRS102 not to disclose transactions before 1 January 2015 as obtaining fair values for those assets would be impracticable and the cost of obtaining such valuations would outweigh the benefits to the users of these financial statements. Heritage assets are not depreciated since their long economic life and high residual value mean that any depreciation would not be material.

There have been no Heritage Assets acquired or gifted to the College at value over £100k since 1 January 2015.

Investments

Investments are included in the balance sheet at fair value, except for investments in subsidiary undertakings which are stated in the College's balance sheet at cost less accumulated impairment and eliminated on consolidation. Properties are valued annually by the Trustees based on estimated market values on a continuing use basis after taking advice from third party valuers. The SOFA includes realised gains and losses on investments sold in the year and unrealised gains and losses on revaluation of investments.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investments (continued)

Fixed asset investments are subject to review for impairment when there is an indication of a reduction in their carrying value. Any impairment is recognised in the year in which it occurs in the SOFA.

The Directors of Dunsfold Airport Limited, a consolidated subsidiary, reviewed the valuation of the Airfield and Business Park during 2023, considering remediation work required to fulfil planning conditions attached to future development of the site. Accordingly, the valuation of the site has been revised down to £108.3m at year end (2022: £122.8m). In considering the valuation of the site, directors have had regard for the wide range of valuations provided by its advisors. Though the current value falls within this range, the directors note the inherent level of uncertainty surrounding assumptions and judgements included within the valuation. Noting the size of this asset in relation to the size of overall investments at the College, the Trustees do not consider this to have a material impact on the financial statements.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rate at the time of the transaction. Foreign currency balances are translated into sterling at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Resulting gains or losses are included in the SOFA.

Financial instruments

The College has elected to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of the recognition, measurement and disclosure of financial instruments. Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the College becomes party to the contractual provision of the instrument and they are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and an intention either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Basic financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and investments in commercial paper (i.e. deposits and bonds). These assets are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate.

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments, which are not subsidiaries or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value which is typically the transaction price. These assets are subsequently carried at fair value and changes in fair value at the reporting date are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure. Where the investment in equity instruments is not publicly traded and where the fair value cannot be reliably measured, the assets are measured at cost less impairment. Investments in property or other physical assets do not constitute a financial instrument and are not included.

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial assets are de-recognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party.

Financial Liabilities

Basic financial liabilities include trade and other payables, bank loans and intergroup loans. These liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Derivatives, including forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value at the reporting date. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless they are included in a hedging arrangement.

To the extent that the College enters into forward foreign exchange contracts which remain unsettled at the reporting date the fair value of the contracts is reviewed at that date. The initial fair value is measured as the transaction price on the date of inception of the contracts. Subsequent valuations are considered on the basis of the forward rates for those unsettled contracts at the reporting date. The College does not apply any hedge accounting in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts held to manage cash flow exposures of forecast transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the liability is discharged, cancelled, or expires.

Taxation

The College is a registered charity and accordingly, the College is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income and capital gains.

The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax. Irrecoverable VAT on inputs is included in the costs of such inputs. Any irrecoverable VAT allocated to fixed assets is included in their cost.

The College's limited company subsidiaries are liable to Corporation Tax in the same way as any other commercial organisation.

Related party transactions

The Group discloses transactions with related parties. Where appropriate, transactions of a similar nature are aggregated unless, in the opinion of the Trustees, separate disclosure is necessary to understand the effect of the transactions on the financial statements.

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the actual results. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The main area where assumptions estimates and the exercise of judgement occurs is the fair value of investment properties. The College engages independent valuation specialists to determine fair value on 30 June 2023. The valuation is based on assumptions about market and economic conditions as well as estimated yields and long-term vacancy rates. The valuation of the College's investment property is inherently subjective but the trustees are satisfied on reviewing the valuation that the assumptions used are appropriate.

The College carries its non-quoted investments at fair value based on the most recent valuations provided by a fund manager independent of the College with changes in fair value being recognised through the statement of financial activities.

The cost of the College's defined benefit pension plan is determined using an actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty. Further details are given in note 16.

All other accounting judgements and estimates are detailed under the appropriate accounting policy.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

2. INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	2023	2022
	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000
College Fees	5,502	5,287
Residence and catering charges	7,516	6,845
Other Income	157	129
	13,175	12,261
COLLEGE FEES		
Fee Income paid on behalf of undergraduates at the publicly-funded undergraduate rate per		
capita fee £4,612 (2022 £4,604)	2,380	2,499
	mge e v	_,
Privately-funded undergraduate fee income, per capita fee £14,615, a bursary of £6,577 (matric		
2019 or before), £5,846 (matric 2020) or £5,115 (matric 2021 and later) is applied to each fee (2021, £14,300, a bursary of £6,435 (matric 2019 or before), £5,720 (matric 2020) or £5,000 (matric 2021) is applied to each fee)	1,998	1,759
For income received at the architector for rate (nor conjust for f_4 783 (2022 f_4 401))	1,124	1,029
Fee income received at the graduate fee rate (per capita fee £4,783 (2022 £4,491))	5,502	5,287
	3,002	5,207
3. INVESTMENT INCOME		
	2023	2022
	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000
Property - College	41,118	33,743
Property - Subsidiaries	19,227	19,111
Equities	15,954	11,592
Bank interest	854	188
	77,153	64,634
		2
4. INCOME FROM OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES		
	2023	2022
	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000
Other	218	143
	218	143
5. ESTATES AND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COSTS		
	2023	2022
х.	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000
College costs	10,610	9,374
Subsidiaries costs	9,440	8,989
	20,050	18,363

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ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

6. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	Direct £'000	Support £'000	Wages and salaries £'000	2023 Total £'000	2022 Total £'000
Residence and catering	12	9,619	7,893	17,524	16,095
Teaching, Tutorial and Admissions	1,507	6,418	9,151	17,076	17,727
Research	804	1,777	2,476	5,058	5,434
Scholarships and awards	8,023	-	-	8,023	7,066
Donations	31	5,438	-	5,469	5,820
	10,378	23,252	19,520	53,150	52,142

Included in the allocation within the first 3 above categories were £463k (2022 £413k) of governance costs.

An analysis of the donations is as follows: Isaac Newton Trust Cambridge Trust Cambridge Colleges Teaching	2023 Total £'000 2,400 1,950 608 511	2022 Total £'000 2,351 2,200 991 278
Other	511	278
	5,469	5,820

7. CONTRIBUTION UNDER STATUTE GII

The University contribution is assessed by the University of Cambridge in accordance with the provisions of Statute GII of the University's Statutes and Ordinances. The amount payable by the College for the year ended 30 June 2023 is $\pounds 3,258,000$ (2022: $\pounds 2,963,000$).

8. NET INCOME

o. NET INCOME		2022
	2023	2022
This is shown after charging:	Total	Total
	£'000	£,000
Auditors Remuneration: External audit College	92	79
Auditors Remuneration: External audit Subsidiaries	46	.39
Auditors Remuneration: Other fees	23	12
Depreciation	413	413
Maintenance, Repairs and Improvements	8,638	10,370

Commitments due under contract at the year-end in relation to maintenance and repair contracts were £nil (2022: £1,590)

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

9. STAFF NUMBERS AND COSTS

The monthly average number of persons (including the Trustees) employed by the College during the year, was: 647 (2022: 604)

The costs associated with these employees was:

	2023	2022
	£'000	£,000
Wages and salaries	15,028	14,360
Social security costs	1,571	1,472
Pension costs - defined contribution employer costs	383	276
Pension costs - defined benefit scheme service cost	1,817	3,489
	18,799	19,321

During the year £128k was paid as termination payments of which £20k was in lieu of notice and £108k was as settlements. (2022: £87k paid of which £16k was as a settlement and £71k in lieu of notice). There were no amounts outstanding for payment at the end of the year (2022: nil)

Trustees

During the year no fees or expenses were paid to Fellows in respect of their duties as Trustees (2022: none).

Payments to Trustees made under the authority of and in accordance with the Statutes of the College, in respect of teaching, research and administrative duties amounted to:

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Aggregate emoluments	597	628
Pension contributions	47	40
	644	668

The number of College Fellows and staff whose remuneration, excluding pension contributions, exceeded £60,000 was as follows:

		2023	2022
		No	No
£60,000 - £69,999		10	11
£70,000 - £79,999	'	8	9
£80,000 - £89,999		2	5
£90,000 - £99,999		7	5
£100,000 - £109,999		5	3
£110,000 - £119,999		1	0
£120,000 - £129,999		0	2
£130,000 - £139,999		1	0
£150,000 - £159,999		1	0
		35	35

Retirement benefits are accruing to 21 (2022: 22) of the above individuals under a defined benefit pension scheme. The total pension costs of these Fellows and staff amounts to $\pounds 261,912$ (2022: $\pounds 246,157$).

Key management compensation

The College considers that the Trustees of the College represent the Key Management of the College. Expenses re-imbursed to 2 trustees (2022: 1 trustee) amounted to £597 in 2023 (amounted to less than £100 in 2022.)

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

10.1 INVESTMENTS

Consolidated	Consolidated	College	College
2023	2022	2023	2022
£'000	£,000	£'000	£,000
2,036,270	1,909,653	1,898,783	1,800,096
32,785	156,549	42,807	158,574
,	,	(10,583)	(67,475)
176,434	37,542	145,488	7,588
2,232,890	2,036,270	2,076,495	1,898,783
Consolidated	Consolidated	College	College
2023	2022	2023	2022
£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
1,136,105	1,049,565	879,781	832,634
39,750	40,540	39,750	40,540
971,936	874,264	971,936	874,264
32,062	33,631	32,062	33,631
53,037	38,271	53,037	38,271
-	-	99,929	79,444
2,232,890	2,036,270	2,076,495	1,898,783
	2023 £'000 2,036,270 32,785 (12,599) 176,434 2,232,890 Consolidated 2023 £'000 1,136,105 39,750 971,936 32,062 53,037	2023 2022 £'000 £'000 2,036,270 1,909,653 32,785 156,549 (12,599) (67,475) 176,434 37,542 2,232,890 2,036,270 Consolidated Consolidated 2023 2022 £'000 £'000 1,136,105 1,049,565 39,750 40,540 971,936 874,264 32,062 33,631 53,037 38,271	2023 2022 2023 £'000 £'000 £'000 2,036,270 1,909,653 1,898,783 32,785 156,549 42,807 (12,599) (67,475) (10,583) 176,434 37,542 145,488 2,232,890 2,036,270 2,076,495 Consolidated College 2023 2023 2022 2023 £'000 £'000 £'000 1,136,105 1,049,565 879,781 39,750 40,540 39,750 971,936 874,264 971,936 32,062 33,631 32,062 53,037 38,271 53,037 - - 99,929

Listed equities are valued by reference to the closing price at the balance sheet date. Unlisted investments are valued based on information provided by the fund managers. Investments in subsidiaries are recorded at cost less accumulated impairment.

Properties are valued annually by the Trustees based on estimated market values on a continuing use basis after taking advice from a third party.

Commitments to private equity funds within the unlisted investment portfolio amounted to £16.3m at the year end (2022: £19.9m)

10.2 OPERATIONAL ASSETS

10.2 OPERATIONAL ASSETS		
	Consolidated and	Consolidated and
	College	College
	2023	2022
	Freehold Land and	Freehold Land and
	Buildings	Buildings
Cost	£'000	£'000
At beginning of year and at end of year	20,633	20,633
Depreciation		
At beginning of year	10,618	10,205
Charge for the year	413	413
At end of year	11,031	10,618
Net Book Value		
At end of year	9,602	10,016
At beginning of year	10,016	10,428

11. STOCK

	Consolidated	Consolidated	College	College
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	£,000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Provisions	1,896	1,841	1,896	1,841
Crops and seeds	369	316	-	-
	2,264	2,157	1,896	1,841

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

12. DEBTORS

	Consolidated	Consolidated	College	College
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000	£,000	£000's
Amounts falling due after more than one year				
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	-	· -	22,941	22,942
Other debtors	834	871	834	871
	834	871	23,775	23,813
Amounts falling due within one year				
Rents receivable	4,884	7,484	4,576	7,483
Prepayments and accrued income	2,510	2,587	2,510	960
Other debtors	17,342	9,506	14,694	9,136
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	<u> </u>	-	8,110	7,007
Trade debtors	1,876	2,119	268	582
	26,612	21,696	30,158	25,169
	27,446	22,567	53,934	48,981

Amounts notified to the College of legacy commitments were £2.3m as at 30 June 2023. These amounts are not recognised in income or on the balance sheet.

13. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Consolidated	Consolidated	College	College
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£000's
Trade creditors	4,251	2,795	1,823	1,669
University contribution	3,258	2,963	3,258	2,963
Other taxes & social security	2,535	2,108	2,169	1,809
Other creditors	5,286	2,213	995	92
Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings	-	-	12,500	7,000
Accruals and deferred income	9,710	12,563	8,573	8,795
	25,040	22,642	29,318	22,328

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Consolidated 2023 £'000	Consolidated 2022 £'000	College 2023 £'000	College 2022 £000's
Deferred Income	_	375	-	
Long term borrow ing	90,000	90,000	90,000	90,000
	90,000	90,375	90,000	90,000

The deferred income was a single amount of income received in advance. The only movement in the year was amounts released to income.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

15. MATURITY OF BANK LOANS

	Consolidated Co	nsolidated	College	College
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
In more than five years	90,000	90,000	90,000	90,000
	90,000	90,000	90,000	90,000

The £70m bank loan is split into three tranches of £35m - Fixed interest rate 4.9704%, £20m - Fixed interest rate 4.9604% and £15m - Fixed interest rate 5.0704% providing a weighted average Fixed interest rate of 4.989%. The loan is repayable on 29 June 2047. The £20m Senior Notes have been issued at 4.11% and are repayable on 14 May 2064.

.....

2022

16. PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY

Trinity College Staff Pension Scheme

The College operates a defined benefit plan, the Trinity College Pension Scheme. The liabilities of the plan have been calculated for the purposes of FRS102 based on a full valuation using data extract provided by Trinity College The principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date were as follows:

	2023	2022
4	%	%
Discount rate	5.2	3.8
Increase in salaries	3.95	3.9
Retail Price Index (RPI)	3.4	3.45
Consumer Price Index (CPI)	2.70	2.65
Staff Section pension increases in payment	3.40	3.45
Fellows Section pension increases in payment	2.70	2.65

Staff section members are assumed to retire at 63 or immediately if they are over that age. This Section's normal retirement age is 65

Fellows Section members are assumed to retire at age 65 for service to 30 June 2020. This Section's normal retirement age increases in line with the State Pension Age from 2020, for future accrual only.

The underlying mortality assumption is based upon the standard table known as S3PA for the Staff Section and S3PA Light for the Fellows Section on a year of birth usage with CMI 2022 future improvement factors and a long-term rate of future improvement of 1.25% per annum for males and 1.0% per annum for females with and additional improvement of 0.25% per annum and the standard smoothing factor (2022: Same except adopted CMI_2021). This results in the following life expectancies:

The average life expectancy in years of a pensioner retiring at age 65 on the balance sheet date is as follows:

	2023	2022
Male: Staff	21.7	22.2
Male: Fellows	22.9	23.4
Female: Staff	23.9	24.3
Female: Fellows	24.4	24.8

The average life expectancy in years of a pensioner retiring at age 65, twenty years after the balance sheet date is as follows:

	2023	2022
Male: Staff	22.9	23.5
Male: Fellows	24.1	24.6
Female: Staff	25.0	25.5
Female: Fellows	25.5	25.9

Allowance has been made at retirement for 75% of all non-retired members to commute part of their pension for a maximum total lump sum on the basis of the current commutation factors in these calculations

TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

16. PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet as at 30 June are as follows:	2023	2022
	£000's	£000's
Market value of Scheme assets	66,770	65,431
Present value of Scheme liabilities	(61,649)	(68,701)
Effect of asset ceiling/unrecognised surplus	(5,121)	-
Deficit in the Scheme	-	(3,270)
Analysis of the amount to be recognised in the consolidated Statement of Financial Activities:		
	2023	2022
	£000's	£000's
Current service cost	1,599	3,254
Administrative expenses	218	235
Interest on net defined benefit (asset)/liability	140	314
	1,957	3,803
Changes in the present value of the scheme liabilities for the year ended 30 June are as follows:		
101101	2023	2022
	£000's	£000's
Present value of scheme liabilities at beginning of year	68,701	88,886
Current service cost	1,599	3,254
Employee Contributions	541	564
Interest cost	2,605	1,630
Actuarial (gains) losses	(9,346)	(23,396)
Benefits paid	(2,451)	(2,237)
Loss on plan changes	-	-
Present value of scheme liabilities at end of year	61,649	68,701
	·····	
Changes in the fair value of scheme assets for the year ended 30 June are as follows:		
	2023	2022
	£000's	£000's
Present value of scheme assets at beginning of year	65,431	70,722
Contributions paid by the College	1,038	1,070
Employee Contributions	541	564
Interest on plan assets	2,465	1,316
A dministrative expenses paid	(246)	(245)
Return on assets, less interest included in SOFA	(8)	(5,759)
Benefits paid	(2,451)	(2,237)
Present value of scheme assets at end of year	66,770	65,431
Actual return on plan assets	2,457	(4,443)

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

16. PENSION SCHEME LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

The major categories of Scheme assets as a percentage of total Scheme assets for the year ending 30 June are as follows:

ending 30 June are as follows:		
	2023	2022
	%	%
Equities, commodities and alternatives	79.5	73.3
Bonds	16.2	14.0
Property	0.0	0.0
Cash	4.3	12.7
	100	100
The plan has no investments in property occupied by, assets used by or financial instruments issued by the College		
Analysis of the remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability recognised in Other		
Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the year ending 30 June are as follows:		
	2023	2022
	£000's	£000's
Return on assets, less interest included in Statement of Financial Activities	(8)	(5,759)
Expected less actual plan expenses	(28)	(10)
Experience gains and losses arising on plan liabilities	(6,417)	(4,253)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of plan liabilities	15,763	27,649
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability recognised in OCI	9,310	17,627
Movement in net defined benefit asset/(liability) during the year ending 30 June are as follows:		
	2023	2022
	£000's	£000's
Net defined benefit asset/(liability) at beginning of year	(3,270)	(18,164)
Recognised in Statement of Financial Activities	(1,957)	(3,803)
Contributions paid by the College	1,038	1,070
Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability recognised in OCI	9,310	17,627
Net defined benefit asset/(liability) at end of year	5,121	(3,270)
Funding Policy		
Actuarial valuations are carried out every three years on behalf of the Trustees of the plan, by a		
qualified independent actuary. The actuarial assumptions underlying the actuarial valuation are		
different to those adopted under FRS102		
The last such actuarial valuation was as at 1 July 2021. This showed that the plan's assets were		
sufficient to cover the liabilities on the funding basis. No deficit reduction contributions are therefore		
required to be paid by the College.		
17. RECONCILIATION OF NET DEBT	2023	2022
At Start of Year:	£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand	30,696	40,440
	38,271	56,976
Money market funds		
Bank Loans	(90,000)	(90,000)
Net Debt	(21,033)	7,416
Net (decrease) / increase in cash in period	18,674	(28,449)
Movement in net debt	18,674	(28,449)
At end of the year:		20.505
Cash at bank and in hand	34,604	30,696
Money market funds	53,037	38,271
Bank Loans	(90,000)	(90,000)
Net Debt	(2,359)	(21,033)

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year no fees or expenses were paid to Fellows in respect of their duties as Trustees. (2022: nil)

Payments to Trustees (including benefits in kind and pension contributions), made under the authority of and in accordance with the Statutes of the College, in respect of teaching, research and administrative duties amounted to £717,000 (2022: £652,000).

The numbers of Trustees receiving payments including national insurance and employers pension contributions were in the following bands:

£0 2 £1-£10,000 3 £10,001 - £20,000 3 £20.001 - £30.000 1 £40,001 - £50,000 3 £50,001-£60,000 1 £60.000-£70.000 1 £90,001 - £100,000 1 £120,001 - £130,000 £150.001 - £160.000

The College operates a fellows housing loan scheme. At the year end there were amounts owing to the College through that scheme by 3 Trustees (2022: 3) with the total amount owed being $\pounds 100,500$ (2022: $\pounds 86,500$)

During the year the College made a donation of £1,950,000 to the Cambridge Trust, a related party due to a common trustee.

During the year the College advanced monies to certain of its subsidiaries and received gift aid and interest from its subsidiaries. The amount recorded as income by the College and the amount outstanding at the year end were:

	2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022	
		Interest and	Amount owed	Deed of	Interest and	Amount owed	
	Deed of Covenant	Rent	to College	Covenant	Rent	to College	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Trinity (B) Limited	23	-	-	15	-	-	
Trinity College (CSP) Limited	6,201	171	4,613	3,093	166	4,034	
Trinity (D) Limited	2,828	-	1,328	2,056	-	806	
Trinity (F) Limited	-	-	103	-	3	70	
Walton Farms Limited	22	103	639	3,028	684	1,078	
Duns fold Airport Limited	2,279	1,885	24,219	1,962	1,885	23,962	
Trinity (E) Limited	6		6	6	-	6	

19. SUBSIDARY COMPANIES

The College's investments include the following subsidiaries, all of which are included in the consolidated financial statements:

During the year there was an investment in Dunsfold Airport Ltd of £7.5m which equated to a share issue of £20m of which £12.5m remains uncalled and in the College's balance sheet as a creditor

Country of registration and	Class of share	Proportion held	Nature of business
England	Ordinary	100%	Land development
England	Ordinary	100%	Property
England	Ordinary	100%	Property
England	Ordinary	100%	Land development
England	Ordinary	100%	Farming
England	Ordinary	100%	Property
England	Ordinary	100%	Dormant
England	Ordinary	100%	Property
England	N/A	100%	Private Equity - dormant
England	Ordinary	100%	Private Equity - dormant
	registration and operation England England England England England England England England England England	registration and operation England Ordinary England Ordinary England Ordinary England Ordinary England Ordinary England Ordinary England Ordinary England Ordinary	registration and operation England Ordinary 100% England N/A 100%

All of the above companies have a year end of 30 June.

The Trustees believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

Information relating to material subsidiaries as at 30 June 2023

, ,	Trinity (CSP) Limited	Dunsfold Airport Ltd	Trinity (D) Limited	Walton Farms Limited
Company Number	3393539 -	7842465	4346508	1324706
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Total Assets	39,549	130,372	108,102	952
Total Liabilities	7,270	28,570	2,169	864
Total Funds	32,279	101,802	105,932	88
Turnover for the year	7,362	8,457	2,914	1,112
Expenditure for the year	6,278	6,224	86	1,089
Profit for the year before gains and losses on investments	1,084	2,216	2,828	23
Gain / (losses) on investments	2,928	(24,481)	55,200	-

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

20. RESERVES CONSOLIDATED

2022/2:	3						
	Balance at 30 June 2022	Income	Expenditure	Net investment gains/(losses) £'000	Transfers between funds £'000		Balance at 30 June 2023 £'000
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£.000	£ 000	£ 000	r.000
Corporate Unrestricted Endowment	1,685,276	6,736	-	162,977	-	-	1,854,989
Other Endowments	150,491	5,312	-	9,989	-	-	165,792
Sub total - endowments	1,835,767	12,048	-	172,966	-	-	2,020,781
Restricted	44,128	9,928	4,148	6,716	(1,215)	-	55,410
Designated	41,928	1,697	2,652	921	2,561		44,456
General	63,595	78,889	75,374	1,131	(1,347)	4,225	71,119
	1,985,418	102,562	82,174	181,734	-	4,225	2,191,766

2021/22							
	Balance at 30 June 2021	Income	Expenditure	Net investment gains/(losses)	Trans fers between funds	Other Gains/(Losses)	Balance at 30 June 2022
	£'000	£,000	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Corporate Unrestricted Endowment	1,599,127	2,099	_	84,051		-	1,685,276
Other Endowments	155,747	2,394	·	(7,650)	-		150,491
Sub total - endowments	1,754,874	4,493	-	76,400	-	-	1,835,767
Restricted	45,064	5,984	3,742	(1,844)	(1,334)	-	44,128
Designated	42,147	1,533	2,875	(508)	1,631	-	41,928
General	48,035	70,588	72,358	-	(297)	17,627	63,595
	1,890,120	82,598	78,975	74,048	-	17,627	1,985,418

21. RESERVES COLLEGE

2022/23	Balance at 30 June 2022 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Net investment gains/(losses) £'000	Transfers between funds £'000		Balance at 30 June 2023 £'000
Corporate Unrestricted Endowment Other Endowments	1,553,161 150,491	6,736 5,312	-	132,031 9,989	-	-	1,691,928 165,792
Sub total - endowments	1,703,652	12,048	-	142,020	-	-	1,857,720
Restricted	44,128	9,928	4,148	6,716	(1,214)	-	55,410
Designated	41,928	1,697	2,652	921	2,562	-	44,456
General	73,747	69,623	65,871	1,131	(1,347)	4,225	81,508
	1,863,455	93,296	72,671	150,788	-	4,225	2,039,094
2021/22							
	Balance at 30 June 2021 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Net investment gains/(losses) £'000	Transfers between funds £'000		Balance at 30 June 2022 £'000

	1.794.605	77,074	69,945	44,094		17,627	1.863.455
General	54,681	65,064	63,328	-	(297)	17,627	73,747
Designated	42,147	1,533	2,875	(508)	1,631		41,928
Restricted	45,064	5,984	3,742	(1,844)	(1,334)	-	44,128
Sub total - endowments	1,652,713	4,493	-	46,446	-	-	1,703,652
Other Endowments	155,747	2,394	-	(7,650)	-	-	150,491
Corporate Unrestricted Endowment	1,496,966	2,099	-	54,096	-		1,553,161

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

22. FUNDS ANALYSED BY PRIMARY PURPOSE

		Balance at 30 June 2023			Balance at 30 June 2022		
	Other Endowments	Restricted	Designated		Other Endowments	Restricted	Designated
	£'000	£'000	£'000		£'000	£'000	£'000
Buildings	16,292	4	30,199		15,558	4	27,888
Awards and studentships	77,778	37,155	4,668		70,763	27,437	5,077
Prizes	4,420	3,418	-		3,984	3,123	-
Research	37,988	12,513	301		33,173	11,389	317
Library	7,485	1,077	242		6,964	986	225
Other education	11,521	297	587		10,719	287	680
Benevolent	4,174	-	7,934		3,623	-	7,259
Art and music	366	157	35		340	151	63
Sports	4,269	422	74		3,972	417	27
Other	1,499	367	416		1,394	334	391
	165,792	55,410	44,456		150,491	44,128	41,928

Buildings funds are for the upkeep and development of the College properties

Awards and studentship are funds for making grants, paying maintenance or funding fees for students depending on their circumstances

Prizes funds are for making prizes for academic or other successes to students

Research funds are funds are for awarding research grants to students or fellows generally in specific subject areas

Library funds are for the upkeep of the library and for buying books

Other education are funds for teaching or for external projects to broaden the access to university

Benevolent funds are for benevolent purposes at the discretion of the College Council

Art and music funds are for artistic or musical activities generally for students including funds for the choir

Sports are funds for student sporting activities

Other funds are to fund a variety of other College activities

23. ANALYSIS OF CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET BY FUND

	Corporate	Other				
30 June 2023	endowment	endowments	Restricted	Designated	General	TOTAL
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed Assets	1,944,989	165,792	54,410	43,456	33,845	2,242,492
Cash at bank	-	-	1,000	1,000	32,604	34,604
Other current assets	-	-	-	-	29,710	29,710
Creditors due within one year	-	-	-	-	(25,040)	(25,040)
Creditors due in more than one year	(90,000)	-	-	-	-	(90,000)
Pension scheme liability	-	-	-	-	-	
	1,854,989	165,792	55,410	44,456	71,119	2,191,766

30 June 2022	Corporate endowment	Other endowments	Restricted	Designated	General	TOTAL
	000'£	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fixed Assets	1,775,276	150,491	43,128	40,928	36,463	2,046,286
Cash at bank	-	-	1,000	1,000	28,696	30,696
Other current assets	-	-	-	-	24,724	24,724
Creditors due within one year	-	-	-	-	(22,642)	(22,642)
Creditors due in more than one year	(90,000)	-	-	-	(375)	(90,375)
Pension scheme liability	-	-	-	-	(3,270)	(3,270)
	1,685,276	150,491	44,128	41,928	63,595	1,985,418

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

24.1 DETAILED FUNDS CONSOLIDATED 2022/23

Prizes

Research

Other education

Benevolent

Art and music

Library

Sports

Other

	Balance at 30 June 2022 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Net investment gains/(losses) £'000	Transfers between funds £'000		Balance at 30 June 2023 £'000
Endowment							
Buildings	15,558	-	-	734	-	-	16,292
Awards and studentships	70,763	2,842	-	4,173	-	-	77,778
Prizes	3,984	138	-	298	-	-	4,420
Research	33,173	2,332	-	2,483	-	-	37,988
Library	6,964	_	-	521	-	-	7,485
Other education	10,719	-	-	802	-	-	11,521
Benevolent	3,623	-	-	551	-	-	4,174
Art and music	340	-	-	26	-	-	366
Sports	3,972	-	-	297	-	-	4,269
Other	1,394	-	-	105	-	-	1,499
	150,491	5,312	-	9,989	-	-	165,792
	Balance at 30 June 2022	Income	Expenditure	Net investment gains/(losses)	Trans fers between funds	Other Gains/(Losses)	Balance at 30 June 2023
	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Restricted							
Buildings	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Awards and studentships	27,437	8,557	3,117	5,817	(1,539)	-	37,155

138

1,050

158

1

-

11

13

-

9,928

3,123

11,389

986

287

-

151

417

334

44,128

57

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45

31

(1)

87

37

(1,215)

-

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-

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168

617

53

15

8

21

18

6,716

-

68

611

166

36

12

116

22

4,148

-

Decisional	Balance at 30 June 2022 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Net investment gains/(losses) £'000	Transfers between funds £'000	Other Gains/(Losses) £'000	Balance at 30 June 2023 £'000
Designated Buildings	27,888	_			2,311	-	30,199
Awards and studentships	5,077	1,149	1,861	51	2,511		4,668
Prizes	-	-	-	51		-	-
Research	317	7	27	4		-	301
Library	225	-		17		-	242
Other education	680	125	288	70		-	587
Benevolent	7,259	6	72	741		-	7,934
Art and music	63	299	329	2		-	35
Sports	27	94	47			-	74
Other	391	17	28	36		-	416
	41,928	1,697	2,652	921	2,561	-	44,456

35

3,418

12,513

1,077

297

-

157

422

367

55,410

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 (continued)

24.2 DETAILED FUNDS CONSOLIDATED 2021/22

	Balance at 30	Income	Expenditure	Net investment	Transfers		Balance at 30
	June 2021			0 ()		Gains/(Losses)	June 2022
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000
Endowment							
Buildings	16,105	-	-	(547)	-	-	15,558
Awards and studentships	71,890	2,394	-	(3,521)	-	-	70,763
Prizes	4,206	-	-	(222)	-	-	3,984
Research	35,025	-	-	(1,852)	-	-	33,173
Library	7,353	-	-*	(389)	-	-	6,964
Other education	11,317	-	-	(598)	-	-	10,719
Benevolent	3,826	-	-	(202)	-	-	3,623
Art and music	359	-	_ Lo	(19)	-	-	340
Sports	4,194	-	-	(222)	-	-	3,972
Other	1,472	-	-	(78)	-	-	1,394
							61
	155,747	2,394	-	(7,650)	-	-	150,491
	Polomas at 20			Net	Transfers	Other	Rolance at 30

	Balance at 30 June 2021	Income	Expenditure	investment gains/(losses)	Transfers between funds	Other Gains/(Losses)	Balance at 30 June 2022
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Restricted							
Buildings	4	-	-	-		-	4
Awards and studentships	27,225	5,464	2,771	(1,147)	(1,334)	-	27,437
Prizes	3,212	58	16	(131)	-	-	3,123
Research	11,962	258	355	(476)	-	-	11,389
Library	1,067	154	194	(41)	-	-	986
Other education	689	13	403	(12)	-	-	287
Benevolent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Art and music	154	3	-	(6)	-	-	151
Sports	410	27	3	(17)	-	-	417
Other	341	7	-	(14)	-	-	334
	45,064	5,984	3,742	(1,844)	(1,334)	-	44,128

	Balance at 30 June 2021 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Net investment gains/(losses) £'000	Transfers between funds £'000	Other Gains/(Losses) £'000	Balance at 30 June 2022 £'000
Designated	* 000	2 000	2 000				
Buildings	27,983	-	_	-	(95)	-	27,888
Awards and studentships	4,786	1,112	2,276	(172)	1,626	-	5,077
Prizes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Research	386	15	84	-	-	-	317
Library	237	_ 2	7	(5)	-	-	225
Other education	596	225	241	-	100	-	680
Benevolent	7,575	3	8	(311)	-	-	7,259
Art and music	109	173	216	(3)	-	-	63
Sports	55		26	(1)	-	-	27
Other	420	5	17	(16)	-	· -	391
	42,147	1,533	2,875	(508)	1,631	-	41,928

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	General Funds (Unrestricted) £000's	Designated Funds £000's	Restricted Funds £000's	Endowment Funds £000's	2022 Total £000's
Income and endowments from			2000 3			
Donations and legacies		. 447	389	2,330	2,394	5,560
Charitable activities	2	12,261	-	-	-	12,261
Other trading activities	4	135	4	4	-	143
Investments	3	57,745	1,140	3,649	2,099	64,634
TOTAL INCOME	(* 0	70,588	1,533	5,984	4,493	82,598
Expenditure on						
Raising funds		1,190	-	-	-	1,190
Loan interest		4,317	-	-	-	4,317
Estates and Investment Management costs	5	18,331	-	32	-	18,363
	j	23,838	-	32	-	23,870
Cost of charitable activities	6	45,830	2,866	3,446	-	52,142
Other Expenditure						
Governance costs			-	-	-	-
University contribution under Statute GII	7	2,690	9	264	-	2,963
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	2	72,358	2,875	3,742	a –	78,975
NET INCOME/(EXPENSE)	6 19	(1,770)	(1,342)	2,242	4,493	3,623
Net Realised gains on Investment Assets		-	-	-	36,506	36,506
Net Unrealised gains/(losses) on Investment Assets		-	(508)	(1,844)	39,894	37,542
NET INCOME / EXPENDITURE BEFORE TRANSFERS		(1,770)	(1,850)	398	80,893	77,671
Transfers between funds	19	(297)	1,631	(1,334)	- -	-
NET INCOME / EXPENDITURE AFTER TRANSFERS		(2,067)	(219)	(936)	80,893	77,671
Other recognised gains & losses: Actuarial Gains/(Losses) on defined benefit pension scheme	16	17,627	-	-	-	17,627
NET MOVEMENTS IN FUNDS	8	15,560	(219)	(936)	80,893	95,298
Total funds brought forward		48,035	42,147	45,064	1,754,874	1,890,120
		63,595	41,928	44,128	1,835,767	1,985,418
Total funds carried forward		03,375	41,720	77,120	1,000,007	1,700,710

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those disclosed above. All of the above results derive from continuing operations.

There is no material difference between the net incoming resources for the financial years stated above and their historical cost equivalent